

Claims

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a DG153 or DG177 protein
5 and/or a functional fragment thereof, a nucleic acid molecule encoding a
DG153 or DG177 protein and/or a functional fragment thereof and/or an
effector/modulator of said nucleic acid molecule and/or said protein or
protein fragment.
- 10 2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the composition contains
pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, diluents, and/or additives.
3. The composition of claim 1 or 2, wherein the nucleic acid molecule is a
15 mammalian DG153 or DG177 nucleic acid, particularly encoding the
human DG153 or DG177 polypeptide and/or a nucleic molecule which
is complementary thereto or a fragment thereof or a variant thereof.
4. The composition of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said nucleic acid
20 molecule is selected from the group consisting of
 - (a) a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide as shown in
SEQ ID NO: 2, 3 or 5, or an isoform, fragment or variant of the
polypeptide as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2, 3 or 5;
 - (b) a nucleic acid molecule which comprises or is the nucleic acid
molecule as shown in SEQ ID NO: 1 or 4;
 - 25 (c) a nucleic acid molecule being degenerate with as a result of the
genetic code to the nucleic acid sequences as defined in (a) or
(b),
 - (d) a nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes at 50°C in a solution
containing 1 x SSC and 0.1% SDS to a nucleic acid molecule as
30 defined in claim 2 or as defined in (a) to (c) and/or a nucleic acid
molecule which is complementary thereto;
 - (e) a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a polypeptide which is at
least 85%, preferably at least 90%, more preferably at least
95%, more preferably at least 98% and up to 99,6% identical to
35 the human DG153 or DG177, as defined in claim 2 or to a
polypeptide as defined in (a);

- (f) a nucleic acid molecule that differs from the nucleic acid molecule of (a) to (e) by mutation and wherein said mutation causes an alteration, deletion, duplication or premature stop in the encoded polypeptide.

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5. The composition of any one of claims 1-4, wherein the nucleic acid molecule is a DNA molecule, particularly a cDNA or a genomic DNA.

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6. The composition of any one of claims 1-5, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a polypeptide contributing to regulating the metabolism, in particular human metabolism.

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7. The composition of any one of claims 1-6, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is a recombinant nucleic acid molecule.

8. The composition of any one of claims 1-7, wherein the nucleic acid molecule is a vector, particularly an expression vector.

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9. The composition of any one of claims 1-8, wherein the polypeptide is a recombinant polypeptide.

10. The composition of claim 9, wherein said recombinant polypeptide is a fusion polypeptide.

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11. The composition of any one of claims 1-10, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is selected from hybridization probes, primers and anti-sense oligonucleotides.

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12. The composition of any one of claims 1-11 which is a diagnostic composition.

13. The composition of any one of claims 1-11 which is a therapeutic composition.

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14. The composition of any one of claims 1-13 for the manufacture of an agent for detecting and/or verifying, for the treatment, alleviation and/or prevention of pancreatic diseases (e.g. diabetes such as insulin

dependent diabetes mellitus or non insulin dependent diabetes mellitus), obesity, metabolic syndrome and/or other metabolic diseases or dysfunctions.

- 5 15. The composition of any one of claims 1-14 for the manufacture of an agent for the modulation of pancreatic development.
16. The composition of any one of claims 1-15 for the manufacture of an agent for the regeneration of pancreatic tissues or cells, particularly
10 pancreatic beta cells.
17. The composition of any one of claims 1-16 for application in vivo.
18. The composition of any one of claims 1-16 for application in vitro.
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19. Use of a DG153 or DG177 nucleic acid molecule or a polypeptide encoded thereby or a fragment or a variant of said nucleic acid molecule or said polypeptide and/or an effector/modulator of said nucleic or polypeptide for the manufacture of a medicament for the
20 treatment of pancreatic diseases (e.g. diabetes such as insulin dependent diabetes mellitus or non insulin dependent diabetes mellitus), obesity, metabolic syndrome and and/or other metabolic diseases or dysfunctions for controlling the function of a gene and/or a gene product which is influenced and/or modified by a DG153 or
25 DG177 polypeptide.
20. Use of a DG153 or DG177 nucleic acid molecule or use of a polypeptide encoded thereby, or use of a fragment or a variant of said nucleic acid molecule or said polypeptide, or use of an
30 effector/modulator of said nucleic acid molecule or said polypeptide for identifying substances capable of interacting with a DG153 or DG177 polypeptide in vitro and/or in vivo.
21. A non-human transgenic animal exhibiting a modified expression of a
35 DG153 or DG177 polypeptide.
22. The animal of claim 21, wherein the expression of the DG153 or DG177

polypeptide is increased and/or reduced.

23. A recombinant host cell exhibiting a modified expression of a DG153 or DG177 polypeptide, or a recombinant host cell which comprises a nucleic acid molecule as defined in any one of claims 1 to 7.
24. The cell of claim 23 which is a human cell.
25. A method of identifying a (poly)peptide involved in the regulation of energy homeostasis and/or metabolism in a mammal comprising the steps of
- (a) contacting a collection of (poly)peptides with a DG153 or DG177 homologous polypeptide or a fragment thereof under conditions that allow binding of said (poly)peptides;
 - (b) removing (poly)peptides which do not bind and
 - (c) identifying (poly)peptides that bind to said DG153 or DG177 homologous polypeptide.
26. A method of screening for an agent which effects/modulates the interaction of a DG153 or DG177 polypeptide with a binding target comprising the steps of
- (a) incubating a mixture comprising
 - (aa) a DG153 or DG177 polypeptide or a fragment thereof;
 - (ab) a binding target/agent of said DG153 or DG177 polypeptide or fragment thereof; and
 - (ac) a candidate agent under conditions whereby said polypeptide or fragment thereof specifically binds to said binding target at a reference affinity;
 - (b) detecting the binding affinity of said DG153 or DG177 polypeptide or fragment thereof to said binding target to determine an affinity for the agent; and
 - (c) determining a difference between affinity for the agent and reference affinity.
27. A method for screening for an agent, which effects/modulates the activity of a DG153 or DG177 polypeptide, comprising the steps of
- (a) incubating a mixture comprising

(aa) a DG153 or DG177 polypeptide or a fragment thereof;
and

(ab) a candidate agent

under conditions whereby said DG153 or DG177 polypeptide or
fragment thereof exhibits a reference activity,

(b) detecting the activity of said DG153 or DG177 polypeptide or
fragment thereof to determine an activity for the agent; and

(c) determining a difference between activity for the agent and
reference activity.

28. A method of producing a composition comprising the (poly)peptide
identified by the method of claim 25 or the agent identified by the
method of claim 26 or 27 with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier
and/or diluent.

29. The method of claim 28 wherein said composition is a pharmaceutical
composition for preventing, alleviating or treating of diseases and
disorders, including pancreatic diseases (e.g. diabetes), obesity, and/or
metabolic syndrome.

30. Use of a (poly)peptide as identified by the method of claim 25 or of an
agent as identified by the method of claim 26 or 27 for the preparation
of a pharmaceutical composition (i) for the treatment, alleviation and/or
prevention of pancreatic diseases (e.g. diabetes), obesity, and/or
metabolic syndrome, (ii) for the modulation of pancreatic development
and/or (iii) for the regeneration of pancreatic cells or tissues.

31. Use of a nucleic acid molecule as defined in any one of claims 1 to 7 or
11 for the preparation of a medicament (i) for the treatment, alleviation
and/or prevention of diseases or dysfunctions, including pancreatic
diseases (e.g. diabetes), obesity, and/or metabolic syndrome, (ii) for the
modulation of pancreatic development and/or (iii) for the regeneration of
pancreatic cells or tissues.

32. Use of a polypeptide as defined in any one of claims 1 to 6, 8 or 9 for
the preparation of a medicament (i) for the treatment, alleviation and/or
prevention of pancreatic diseases (e.g. diabetes), obesity, and/or

metabolic syndrome, (ii) for the modulation of pancreatic development and/or (iii) for the regeneration of pancreatic cells or tissues.

- 5 33. Use of a vector as defined in claim 7 for the preparation of a medicament (i) for the treatment, alleviation and/or prevention of pancreatic diseases (e.g. diabetes), obesity, and/or metabolic syndrome, (ii) for the modulation of pancreatic development and/or (iii) for the regeneration of pancreatic cells or tissues.
- 10 34. Use of a host cell as defined in claim 23 or 24 for the preparation of a medicament (i) for the treatment, alleviation and/or prevention of pancreatic diseases (e.g. diabetes), obesity, and/or metabolic syndrome, (ii) for the modulation of pancreatic development and/or (iii) for the regeneration of pancreatic cells or tissues.
- 15 35. Use of a DG153 or DG177 nucleic acid molecule or of a fragment thereof for the production of a non-human transgenic animal which over- or under-expresses the DG153 or DG177 gene product.
- 20 36. Kit comprising at least one of
- (a) a DG153 or DG177 nucleic acid molecule or a functional fragment or an isoform thereof;
 - (b) a DG153 or DG177 amino acid molecule or a functional fragment or an isoform thereof;
 - 25 (c) a vector comprising the nucleic acid of (a);
 - (d) a host cell comprising the nucleic acid of (a) or the vector of (c);
 - (e) a polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid of (a), expressed by the vector of (c) or the host cell of (a);
 - (f) a fusion polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid of (a);
 - 30 (g) an antibody, an aptamer or another effector/modulator against the nucleic acid of (a) or the polypeptide of (b) , (e) , or (f) and /or
 - (h) an anti-sense oligonucleotide of the nucleic acid of (a).